



This Test Booklet contains 20 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **Side-1** and **Side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ballpoint pen only.
- 2. The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total score. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ballpoint Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away Test Booklet only with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Test Booklet is **XX**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidate should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the Board with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of the Board.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals): MEMUL DUT
Roll Number (in Figures): 872 00254
(in Words): Eight Owere Seleuty Two Lakh & Two hundredfifty
Centre of Examination (in Capitals): KV No 2, MBK, D-dun
Candidate's Signature : Invigilator's Signature : Invigilator's Signature :
Facsimile Signature Stamp of
Centre Superintendent :

- A given nitrogen-containing aromatic compound A reacts with Sn/HCl, followed by HNO₂ to give an unstable compound B. B, on treatment with phenol, forms a beautiful coloured compound C with the molecular formula C₁₂H₁₀N₂O. The structure of compound A is
 - (1) $CONH_2$ (2) NO_2
- 2. Consider the reaction ${\rm CH_3CH_2CH_2Br} + {\rm NaCN} \rightarrow {\rm CH_3CH_2CH_2CN} + {\rm NaBr}$

This reaction will be the fastest in

(1) water Polay.

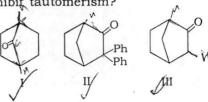
ethanol .

methanol '

N, N'-dimethylformamide (DMF) X

3. The correct structure of the product A formed in the reaction

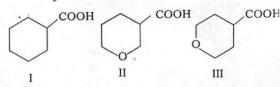
4. Which among the given molecules ca exhibit tautomerism?



- (1) Both II and III
- (2) III only

(3) Both I and III

- (4) Both I and II
- The correct order of strengths of the carboxylic acids



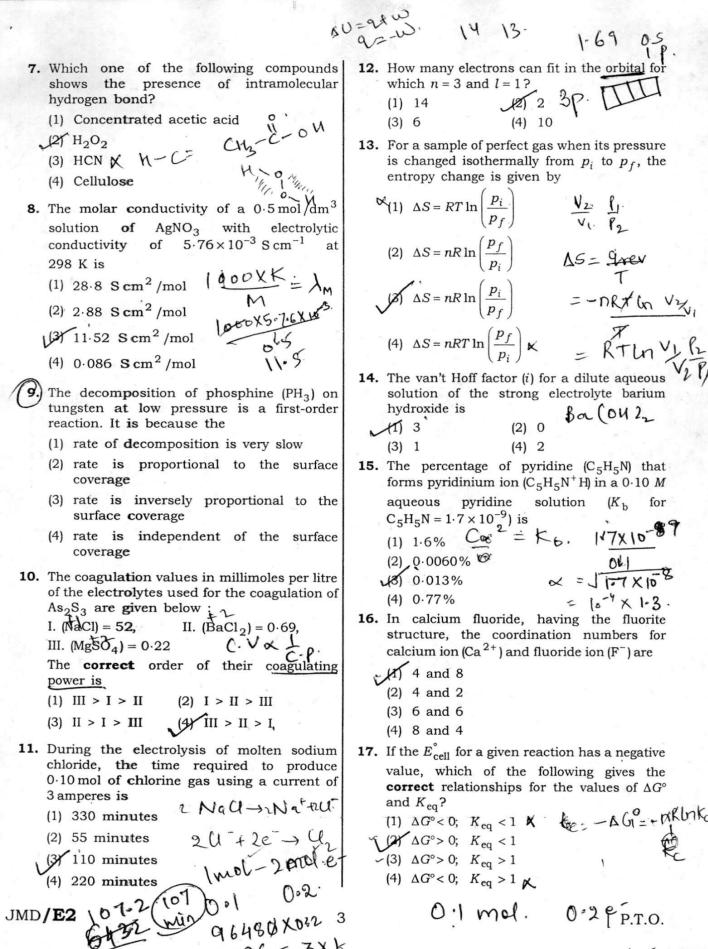
is

- (1) II > I > III
- (2) I > II > III

- (4) III > II > I
- 6. The compound that will react most read with gaseous bromine has the formula
 - (1) C_2H_4 C = C (2) C_2H_4
- 1.

BY C2H2 CEC

(4) C₄H₁₀ × C-C-



19296 = 3Xb

value, which of the following gives the **correct** relationships for the values of ΔG° (1) $\Delta G^{\circ} < 0$; $K_{eq} < 1$ X $E_{e} - \Delta G = \pi R \ln k_c$ (2) $\Delta G^{\circ} > 0$; $K_{eq} < 1$ $\Delta G^{\circ} > 0$; $K_{\text{eq}} < 1$ \sim (3) $\Delta G^{\circ} > 0$; $K_{eq} > 1$ (4) $\Delta G^{\circ} < 0$; $K_{eq} > 1$ 0.1 mol. 0.2 F.T.O.

1 mole >9/40.

18. Which one of the following is incorrect for	24.
ideal solution?	
$(2) \Delta H_{\text{mix}} = 0$ $\Delta G \langle \phi \rangle$ $\Delta S \rangle G$	
$(3) \Delta U_{\text{mix}} = 0$	
(4) $\Delta P = P_{\text{obs}} - P_{\text{calculated by Raoult's law}} = 0$	
(4) AT Cl (c) with solubility	
19. The solubility of AgCl (s) with solubility product 1.6×10^{-10} in $0.1 M$ NaCl solution	,
would be $A_3 C \Rightarrow b_3^{\dagger} + C $	25
(1) zero	
(2) 1.26 × 10 M	
(3) $1.6 \times 10^{-9} M$	
(4) $1.6 \times 10^{-11} M = \sqrt{\frac{6 \times 10^{-16} \times 0.4 \times 0.4}{10^{-16} \times 10^{-16} \times 0.4 \times 0.4}}$	
	20
form two compounds A12 and A322	
d the atomic weights of	
X and Y are	,
(3) 60, 40 (4) 20, 30 $-2x = -80$	1
my Variabor of Pelectrons delivered at the	1
cathode during electrolysis by a current or	
1 (0) (10-19 ()	
electron = 1.60×10^{-23} (2) 6×10^{23} (3) 6×10^{23} (4) 6×10^{23}	
(3) 6×10^{20} (4) 3.75×10^{20}	
22. Boric acid is an acid because its molecule	
(1) combines with proton from water molecule	r
(2) contains replaceable H+ ion x	1
gives up a proton	1
(4) accepts OH from water releasing proto	n
23. AlF ₃ is soluble in HF only in presence of K	F.

It is due to the formation of

(3) K₃[AlF₆] (4) AlH₃

(2) $K_3[AlF_3H_3]$

- Zinc can be coated on iron to produce galvanized iron but the reverse is not possible. It is because
 - (1) zinc has higher negative electrode potential than iron
 - (2) zinc is lighter than iron
 - (3) zinc has lower melting point than iron
 - If zinc has lower negative electrode potential than iron
 - The suspension of slaked lime in water is known as
 - (1) aqueous solution of slaked lime
 - (2) limewater. Calouty altho
 - Cartho (3) quicklime
 - (4) milk of lime
 - 6. The hybridizations of atomic orbitals of nitrogen in NO₂⁺, NO₃ and NH₄⁺ respectively
 - (1) sp^2 , sp and $sp^3 \checkmark$
 - (2) sp, sp^3 and sp^2

 $\sqrt{27}$ sp², sp³ and sp $\sqrt{$ sp, sp² and sp³

- 27. Which of the following fluoro-compounds is most likely to behave as a Lewis base?
 - (1) SiF₄
- (2) BF₃
- (8) PF3
- (4) CF₄
- 28. Which of the following pairs of ions is isoelectronic and isostructural?

- (3) ClO_3^- , CO_3^{2-} (4) SO_3^{2-} , NO_3^-
- In context with beryllium, which one of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (1) Its hydride is electron-deficient and polymeric.
 - (2) It is rendered passive by nitric acid.
 - (3) It forms Be₂C.
 - (4) Its salts rarely hydrolyze.

30. Hot concentrated sulphuric acid is a moderately strong oxidizing agent. Which of the following reactions does not show oxidizing behaviour?

oxidizing behaviour?

(a) $CaF_2 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CaSO_4 + 2HF$

(2) $Cu + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CuSO_4 + SO_2 + 2H_2O$

(3) $3S + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow 3SO_2 + 2H_2O =$

- (4) $C + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CO_2 + 2SO_2 + 2H_2O_4$
- 31. Which of the following pairs of *d*-orbitals will have electron density along the axes?
 - (1) d_{xy} , $d_{x^2-y^2}$
 - (2) d_{2} , d_{xz}
 - (3) d_{xz} , d_{yz}
 - (4) d_{z2}, d_{x2-y2}.



 The correct geometry and hybridization for XeF₄ are

W square planar, sp^3d^2

- (2) octahedral, sp^3d^2
- (3) trigonal bipyramidal, sp^3d
- (4) planar triangle, sp^3d^3



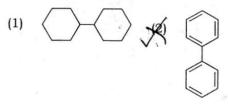
- 33. Among the following, which one is a wrong statement?
 - (1) I₃ has bent geometry.
 - (2) PH₅ and BiCl₅ do not exist.
 - (3) $p\pi$ - $d\pi$ bonds are present in SO_2 ?

 (4) SeF_4 and CH_4 have same shape.
- The correct increasing order of trans-effect of the following species is
 - (1) $CN^- > Br^- > C_6H_5^- > NH_3$
 - (2) $NH_3 > CN^- > Br^- > C_6H_5^-$
 - (3) $CN^- > C_6H_5^- > Br^- > NH_3$
 - (4) $Br^- > CN^- > NH_3 > C_6H_5^-$
- Which one of the following statements related to lanthanons is incorrect?
 - (1) Ce (+4) solutions are widely used as oxidizing agent in volumetric analysis.
 - (2) Europium shows +2 oxidation state.
 - (3) The basicity decreases as the ionic radius decreases from Pr to Lu.
 - (4) All the lanthanons are much more reactive than aluminium.

- Jahn-Teller effect is **not** observed in high spin complexes of
 - (1) d^9
- (2) d^7
- (3) d^8
- (4) d^4
- **37.** Which of the following can be used as the halide component for Friedel-Crafts reaction?

(1) Isopropyl chloride

- (2) Chlorobenzene X
- (3) Bromobenzenez
- (4) Chloroethene
- In which of the following molecules, all atoms are coplanar?





- (4) CH_3 C=C CN CH_3
- **39.** Which one of the following structures represents nylon 6,6 polymer?

(2)
$$\begin{pmatrix} H_2 & H_2 & H_2 \\ C & C & C \\ NH_2 & CH_3 \end{pmatrix}_{66}$$

(3)
$$\begin{pmatrix} H_2 & H_2 & H_2 \\ C & C & C & C \\ NH_2 & NH_2 \end{pmatrix}_{66}$$

(4)
$$\begin{pmatrix} H_2 & H_2$$

JMD/E2

[P.T.O.

40. In pyrrole

the electron density is maximum on

- (1) 2 and 5
- (2) 2 and 3
- (3) 3 and 4

- **41.** Which of the following compounds shall **not** produce propene by reaction with HBr followed by elimination or direct only elimination reaction?
 - (1) H₃C—C+2Br v
 - (2) H₂C CH₂ (
 - (3) H₃C—C—CH₂OH

42. Which one of the following nitro-compounds does not react with nitrous acid?

$$(1) \quad \overset{\text{H}_3\text{C}}{\underset{\text{O}}{\bigvee}} \overset{\text{CH}_3}{\underset{\text{NO}_2}{\bigvee}}$$

- (2) H_3C C NO_2 H_2
- (3) H₃C CH NO₂

- **43.** The central dogma of molecular genetics states that the genetic information flows from
 - (1) DNA → RNA → Carbohydrates
 - (2) Amino acids → Proteins → DNA
 - (3) DNA → Carbohydrates → Proteins

$$\nearrow$$
 DNA \rightarrow RNA \rightarrow Proteins

The **correct** corresponding order of names of four aldoses with configuration given below

respectively, is

- (1) D-erythrose, D-threose, L-erythrose, L-threose
- (2) L-erythrose, L-threose, L-erythrose, D-threose
- (3) D-threose, D-erythrose, L-threose, L-erythrose
- (4) L-erythrose, L-threose, D-erythrose D-threose
- (45) In the given reaction

$$\bigcirc + \bigcirc \xrightarrow{HF} P$$

the product P is

46.	A foreign DNA and plasmid cut by the same restriction endonuclease can be joined to form a recombinant plasmid using	
	(i) ligase	(1) coral reefs V
	(2) Eco RI	(2) green algae
	(3) Taq polymerase	(3) chemosynthetic bacteria
	(4) polymerase III	(4) blue-green algae
47.	Which of the following is not a component of downstream processing?	Which of the following is correct for r-selected species?
	Expression	(1) Small number of progeny with large size
·	(2) Separation	(2) Large number of progeny with small size
	(3) Purification	(3) Large number of progeny with large size
	(4) Preservation	(4) Small number of progeny with small size
48.	Which of the following restriction enzymes produces blunt ends?	interaction, then the population interaction
	(1) Hind III	represented by '+' '-' refers to
	(2) Sal I	(2) mutualism
	(3) Eco RV +	(3) amensalism
	(4) Xho I	(4) commensalism
49.	Which kind of therapy was given in 1990 to a	
	four-year-old girl with adenosine deaminase (ADA) deficiency?	54. Which of the following is correctly matched?
	(1) Radiation therapy	(1) Stratification—Population
	(2) Gene therapy	(2) Aerenchyma—Opuntia
	(3) Chemotherapy	(3) Age pyramid—Biome
	(4) Immunotherapy	(4) Parthenium hysterophorus—Threat to biodiversity
50.	How many hot spots of biodiversity in the world have been identified till date by Norman Myers?	
	(A) 43	(1) marine vertebrates only
`	(2) 17	(2) all economically important plants
	(3) 25	(3) plants whose products are in international trade \(\)

(4) 34

JMD/E2

[P.T.O.

(4) threatened species

- 56. Which one of the following is wrong for fungi?
 - (1) They are both unicellular and multicellular.
 - (2) They are eukaryotic.
 - (3) All fungi possess a purely cellulosic cell wall.
 - (4) They are heterotrophic.
- 57. Methanogens belong to
 - (1) Slime moulds
 - (2) Eubacteria

(3) Archaebacteria

- (4) Dinoflagellates
- 58. Select the wrong statement.
 - (1) Diatoms are microscopic and float passively in water.
 - The walls of diatoms are easily destructible.
 - (3) 'Diatomaceous earth' is formed by the cell walls of diatoms.
 - (4) Diatoms are chief producers in the oceans.
- 59. The label of a herbarium sheet does not carry information on
 - height of the plant
 - (2) date of collection
 - (3) name of collector
 - (4) local names -
- 60. Conifers are adapted to tolerate extreme environmental conditions because of
 - (1) presence of vessels
 - (2) broad hardy leaves
 - (3) superficial stomata
 - (4) thick cuticle
- 61. Which one of the following statements is wrong?
 - (1) Laminaria and Sargassum are used as food.
 - (2) Algae increase the level of dissolved oxygen in the immediate environment.
 - Algin is obtained from red algae, and carrageenan from brown algae.
 - (4) Agar-agar is obtained from Gelidium and Gracilaria.

- 62. The term 'polyadelphous' is related to
 - (1) calyx
 - (2) gynoecium
 - androecium
 - (4) corolla
- How many plants among Indigofera, Sesbania, Salvia, Allom, Albe, mustard, groundnut, radish, gram and turnip have stamens with different lengths in their flowers?
 - (1) Six 🕏

Monoadelphous

Cale

- (2) Three
- (3) Four
- (4) Five
- 64. Radial symmetry is found in the flowers of
 - (1) Cassia X

Acti

- Brassica
 - (3) Trifolium X
 - (4) Pişum 😿
- 65. Free-central placentation is found in
 - (1) Citrus
 - Dianthus
- B
- (3) Argemone
- (4) Brassica
- 66. Cortex is the region found between
 - (1) endodermis and vascular bundle
 - (2) epidermis and stele
 - (3) pericycle and endodermis
 - (4) endodermis and pith
- 67. The balloon-shaped structures called tyloses
 - (1) are linked to the ascent of sap through xylem vessels
 - (2) originate in the lumen of vessels
 - (3) characterize the sapwood
 - (4) are extensions of xylem parenchyma cells into vessels

68. A non-proteinaceous enzyme is	74. A few drops of sap were collected by cutting
(1) deoxyribonuclease	across a plant stem by a suitable method. The sap was tested chemically. Which one of
(2) lysozyme	the following test results indicates that it is
(3) ribozyme	phloem sap?
(4) ligase	(1) Absence of sugar X
69. Select the mismatch.	(3) Alkaline
(1) Methanogens—Prokaryotes	(4) Low refractive index ⊀

(A) Large central vacuoles—Animal cells (4) Protists—Eukaryotes ✓ as roots? 70. Select the wrong statement.

wall-less

microorganism. (2) Bacterial cell wall is made up of

(2) Gas vacuoles-Green bacteria

- peptidoglycan. Pili and fimbriae are mainly involved in
- (4) Cyanobacteria lack flagellated cells.

motility of bacterial cells.

- 71. A cell organelle containing hydrolytic enzymes is
 - (1) mesosome

(1) Mycoplasma

- 2 lysosome
 - (3) microsome
 - (4) ribosome
- 72. During cell growth, DNA synthesis takes place in
 - (1) M phase
 - . (2) S phase
 - (3) G₁ phase
 - (4) G₂ phase
- 73. Which of the following biomolecules is common to respiration-mediated breakdown of fats, carbohydrates and proteins?
 - Acetyl CoA
 - (2) Glucose-6-phosphate
 - (3) Fructose 1,6-bisphosphate ✓
 - (4) Pyruvic acid '

- 75. You are given a tissue with its potential for differentiation in an artificial culture. Which of the following pairs of hormones would you add to the medium to secure shoots as well
 - (1) Gibberellin and abscisic acid
 - (2) IAA and gibberellin
 - Auxin and cytokinin
 - (4) Auxin and abscisic acid
- 76. Phytochrome is a
 - (1) chromoprotein
 - (2) flavoprotein
 - (3) glycoprotein
 - (4) lipoprotein
- Which is essential for the growth of root tip?
 - (1) Mn
- (2) Zn.
- (3) Fe
- (4) Ca
- The process which makes major difference between C3 and C4 plants is
 - respiration
 - (2) glycolysis
- (3) Calvin cycle 🛠
- (4) photorespiration
- 79. Which one of the following statements is not correct?
 - (1) Water hyacinth, growing in the standingwater, drains oxygen from water that leads to the death of fishes.
 - (2) Offspring produced by the asexual reproduction are called clone.
 - (3) Microscopic, motile asexual reproductive structures are called zoospores.
 - 14 In potato, banana and ginger, the plantlets arise from the internodes present in the modified stem.

[P.T.O.

- **80.** Which one of the following generates new genetic combinations leading to variation?
 - (1) Nucellar polyembryony
 - (2) Vegetative reproduction
 - (3) Parthenogenesis
 - (4) Sexual reproduction
- 81. Match Column—I with Column—II and select the correct option using the codes given below:

Column-I

Column-II

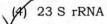
- a. Pistils fused together
- (i) Gametogenesis
- b. Formation of gametes
- (ii) Pistillate
- c. Hyphae of higher Ascomycetes
- (iii) Syncarpous
- d. Unisexual female
- (iv) Dikaryotic

Codes:

flower

- a b c d
 (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (2) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (4) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)
- 82. In majority of angiosperms
 - (1) a small central cell is present in the embryo sac &
 - (2) egg has a filiform apparatus
 - (3) there are numerous antipodal cells &
 - reduction division occurs in the megaspore mother cells
- **83.** Pollination in water hyacinth and water lily is brought about by the agency of
 - (1) bats
 - (2) water
 - (3) insects or wind
 - (4) birds
- **84.** The ovule of an angiosperm is technically equivalent to
 - (1) megaspore
 - (2) megasporangium
 - (3) megasporophyll
 - (4) megaspore mother cell

- **85.** Taylor conducted the experiments to prove semiconservative mode of chromosome replication on
 - (1) E. coli
 - (2) Vinca rosea
 - VIS) Vicia faba
 - (4) Drosophila melanogaster
- **86.** The mechanism that causes a gene to move from one linkage group to another is called
 - (1) crossing-over K
 - (2) inversion <
 - (3) duplication
 - (4) translocation
- 87. The equivalent of a structural gene is
 - (1) recon
 - (2) muton ⋈
 - cistron
 - (4) operon
- 88. A true breeding plant is
 - (1) always homozygous recessive in its genetic constitution
 - (2) one that is able to breed on its own
 - (3) produced due to cross-pollination among unrelated plants ?
 - near homozygous and produces offspring of its own kind
- **89.** Which of the following rRNAs acts as structural RNA as well as ribozyme in bacteria?
 - (1) 5.8 S rRNA
 - (2) 5 S rRNA
 - (3) 18 S rRNA



- 90. Stirred-tank bioreactors have been designed
 - (1) ensuring anaerobic conditions in the culture vessel
 - (2) purification of product
 - (3) addition of preservatives to the product
 - availability of oxygen throughout the process

- 91. A molecule that can act as a genetic material must fulfill the traits given below, except
 - (1) it should provide the scope for slow, changes that are required for evolution
 - (2) it should be able to express itself in the form of 'Mendelian characters'
 - (3) it should be able to generate its replicat
 - (4) it should be unstable structurally and chemically
- 92. DNA-dependent RNA polymerase catalyzes transcription on one strand of the DNA which is called the
 - (1) antistrand
 - (2) template strand
 - (3) coding strand
 - (4) alpha strand
- 93. Interspecific hybridization is the mating of
 - (1) more closely related individuals within same breed for 4-6 generations
 - animals within same breed without having common ancestors
 - (8) two different related species
 - (4) superior males and females of different breeds
- 94.) Which of the following is correct regarding AIDS causative agent HIV?
- (1) HIV does not escape but attacks the anti acquired immune response. T- lymphogytes
 - (2) HIV is enveloped virus containing one molecule of single-stranded RNA and one molecule of reverse transcriptase.
 - (3) HIV is enveloped virus that contains two identical molecules of single-stranded RNA and two molecules of reverse transcriptase.
 - (4) HIV is unenveloped retrovirus.
 - Among the following edible fishes, which one is a marine fish having rich source of omega-3 fatty acids?
 - (1) Mackerel
 - (2) Mystus
 - (3) Mangur
 - (4) Mrigala

96. Match Column-I with Column-II and select the correct option using the codes given below:

Column-I

- Column-II
- a. Citric acid
- b. Cyclosporin A
- c. Statins
- d. Butyric acid -
- (i) Trichoderma
- (ii) Clostridium (iii) Aspergillus
- (iv) Monascus

Codes:

- (1) (iii) (ii)X (iv)
- (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (iii) (8) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (iv) (ii) (iii)
- Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) may not be a good index for pollution for water bodies receiving effluents from
 - (1) sugar industry -> Molasses > Hig
 - (2) domestic sewage
 - (3) dairy industry -
 - (4) petroleum industry
- 98. The principle of competitive exclusion was stated by
 - (1) Verhulst and Pearl
 - (2) C. Darwin
 - (G. F. Gause
 - (4) MacArthur
- Which of the following National Parks is home to the famous musk deer or hangul?
 - (1) Dachigam National Park, Jammu & Kashmir
 - (2) Keibul Lamjao National Park, Manipur
 - (3) Bandhavgarh National Park, Madhya
 - (4) Eaglenest Wildlife Sanctuary, Arunachal Pradesh
- 100. A lake which is rich in organic waste may result in
 - mortality of fish due to lack of oxygen
 - (2) increased population of aquatic organisms due to minerals
 - (3) drying of the lake due to algal bloom
 - (4) increased population of fish due to lots of nutrients X
- 101. The highest DDT concentration in aquatic food chain shall occur in
 - (1) eel
 - (2) phytoplankton
 - seagull
 - (4) crab

102. Which of the following sets of diseases is 108. Oxidative phosphorylation is formation of ATP by energy released from caused by bacteria? (1) Herpes and influenzak electrons removed during substrate (2) Cholera and tetanus oxidation (3) Typhoid and smallpox v (2) formation of ATP by transfer o (4) Tetanus and mumps K phosphate group from a substrate 103. Match Column-I with Column-II for to ADP housefly classification and select the correct (3) oxidation of phosphate group in ATP option using the codes given below: (4) addition of phosphate group to ATP Column-I Column-II 109. Which of the following is the least likely to be involved in stabilizing the three-dimensiona a. Family (i) Diptera folding of most proteins? (ii) Arthropoda b. Order (1) Ester bonds c. Class (iii) Muscidae (2) Hydrogen bonds d. Phylum (iv) Insecta (3) Electrostatic interaction Codes : Hydrophobic interaction d a C 110. Which of the following describes the giver (1)(iv) (ii) (i) (iii) graph correctly? (ii) -(2) (iii) (i) (iv) (3) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i) (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) 104. Choose the correct statement. B (1) All Pisces have gills covered by an operculum. K (2) All mammals are viviparous. Potential Energy (3) All cyclostomes do not possess jaws and paired fins. Substrate (4) All reptiles have a three-chambered heart. 105. Study the four statements (A-D) given below and select the two correct ones out of them: A. Definition of biological species was given by Ernst Mayr. Reaction -B. Photoperiod does not affect reproduction in plants.X (1) Exothermic reaction with energy A in C. Binomial nomenclature system was absence of enzyme and B in presence of given by R. H. Whittaket D. In unicellular organisms, reproduction is Endothermic reaction with energy A in synonymous with growth. presence of enzyme and B in absence of enzyme The two correct statements are (1) A and B (2) B and C Exothermic reaction with energy A in A and D presence of enzyme and B in absence of (3) C and D enzyme In male cockroaches, sperms are stored in (4) Endothermic reaction with energy A in which part of the reproductive system? absence of enzyme and B in presence of (1) Vas deferens enzyme (2) Seminal vesicles 111. When cell has stalled DNA replication fork, . (3) Mushroom glands which checkpoint should be predominantly (4) Testes v. activated? 107. Smooth muscles are (1) Both G₂/M and M (1) voluntary, spindle-shaped, uninucleate (2) involuntary, fusiform, non-striated (2) G1/S (3) voluntary, multinucleate, cylindrical (3) G_2/M (4) involuntary, cylindrical, striated & (4) M

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JMD/E2

DNA Reglication

Product

112.	Match the stages of meiosis in Column-I to			
	their characteristic features in Column-II			
	and select the correct option using the codes			
	given below:			

Column-I

Column-II

- Pachytene
- Pairing of homologous chromosomes
- Metaphase I
- Terminalization of (ii) chiasmata
- Diakinesis
- (iii) Crossing-over takes place
- Zygotene
- Chromosomes align at equatorial plate

d

(i)

(i) 2

Codes:

LND

b C a (1) (iv) (iii) (ii) (iii) (iv) (ii)

- (iv) (iv)
- (iii) (ii)
- (4) (ii)
- (iii) (i)
- 113. Which do stimulate the hormones production of pancreatic juice and bicarbonate?
 - (1) Insulin and glucagon
 - (2) Angiotensin and epinephrine
 - (3) Gastrin and insulin
 - (A) Cholecystokinin and secretin
- 114. The partial pressure of oxygen in the alveoli of the lungs is
 - (1) less than that of carbon dioxide
 - (2) equal to that in the blood
 - (3) more than that in the blood
 - (4) less than that in the blood

Choose the correct statement.

- (1) Receptors do not produce potentials.
- (2) Nociceptors respond to changes in pressure.
- (3) Meissner's corpuscles thermoreceptors.
- .(4) Photoreceptors in the human eye are depolarized during darkness and become hyperpolarized in response to the light stimulus.
- 116. Graves' disease is caused due to
 - hypersecretion of adrenal gland K
 - (2) hyposecretion of thyroid gland
 - (3) hypersecretion of thyroid gland ₭
 - (4) hyposecretion of adrenal gland

- 117. Name the ion responsible for unmasking of active sites for myosin for cross-bridge activity during muscle contraction.
 - (1) Potassium
- (2) Calcium

Magnesium

- (4) Sodium
- 118. Name the blood cells, whose reduction in number can cause clotting disorder, leading to excessive loss of blood from the body.
 - (I) Thrombocytes-
 - (2) Erythrocytes
 - (3) Leucocytes
 - (4) Neutrophils
- 119. Name a peptide hormone which acts mainly on hepatocytes, adipocytes and enhances cellular glucose uptake and utilization.
 - (1) Gastrin
- (2) Insulin Y

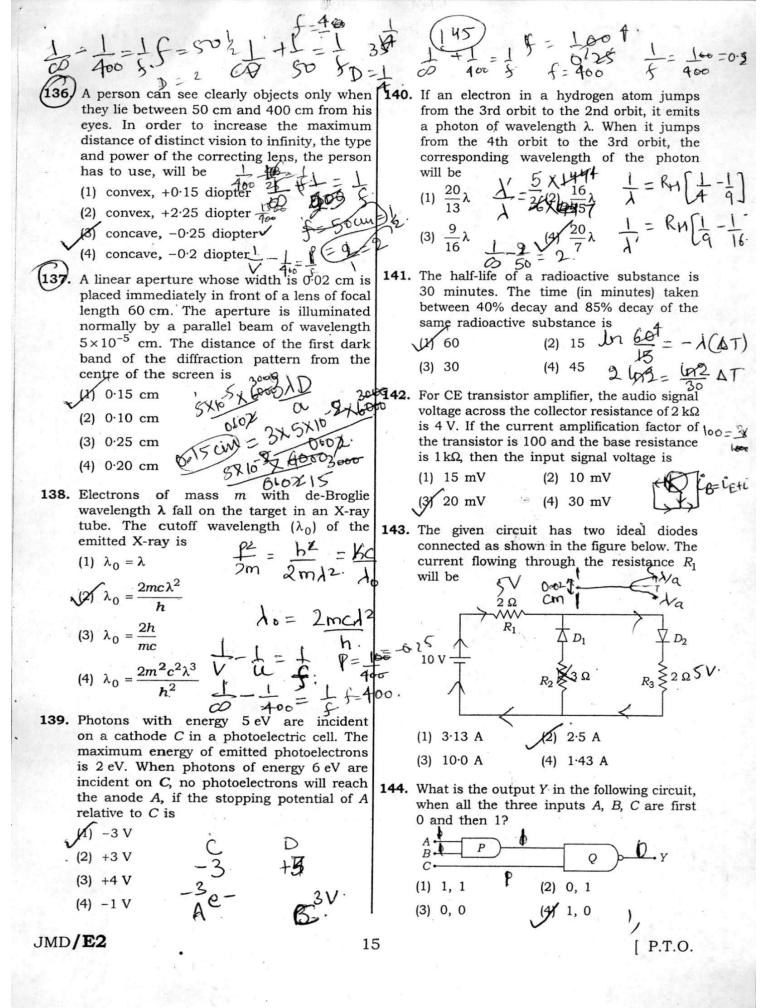
Glucagon

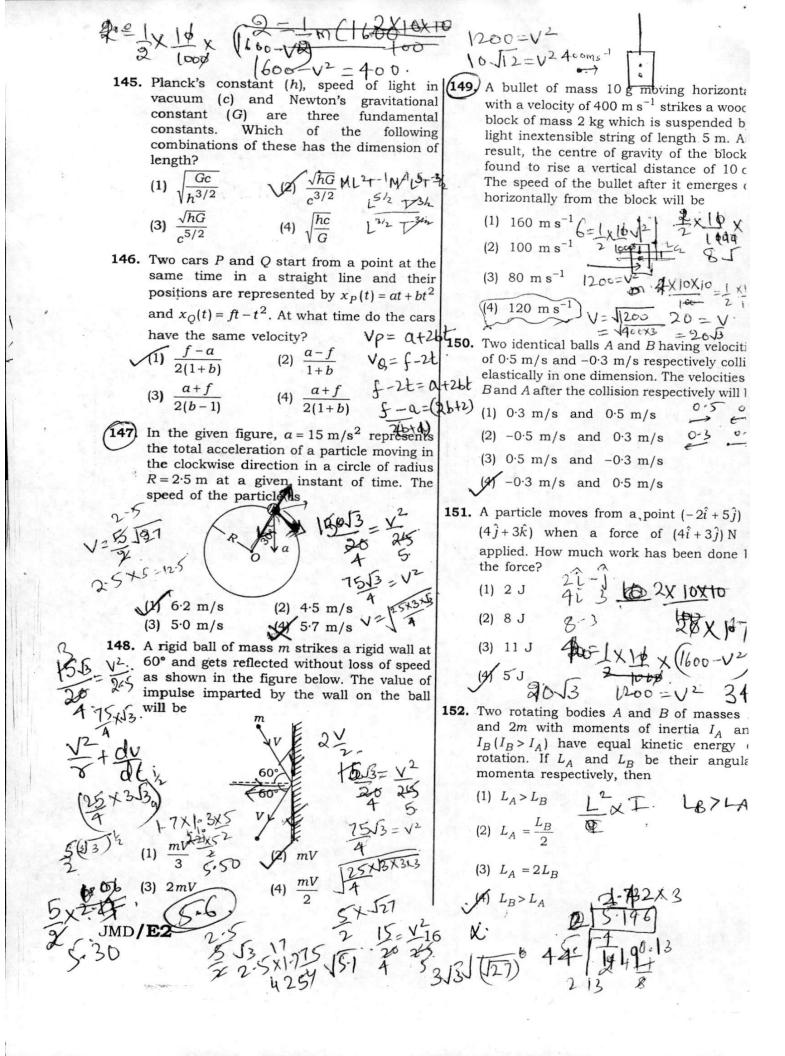
- (4) Secretin
- 120. Osteoporosis, an age-related disease of skeletal system, may occur due to
 - (1) accumulation of uric acid leading to inflammation of joints
 - disorder affecting (2) immune muscular junction leading to fatigue
 - (3) high concentration of Ca++ and Na+
 - decreased level of estrogen
- 121. Serum differs from blood in
 - . (1) lacking antibodies
 - (2) lacking globulins
 - . (3) lacking albumins
 - (4) lacking clotting factors
- 122. Lungs do not collapse between breaths and some air always remains in the lungs which can never be expelled because
 - (1) pressure in the lungs is higher than the atmospheric pressure
 - (2) there is a negative pressure in the lungsk
 - (3) there is a negative intrapleural pressure pulling at the lung walls
 - (4) there is a positive intrapleural pressure &
- 123. The posterior pituitary gland is not a 'true' endocrine gland because
 - (1) it secretes enzymes
 - (2) it is provided with a duct
 - (3) it only stores and releases hormones
 - (4) it is under the regulation of hypothalamus

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P.T.O.

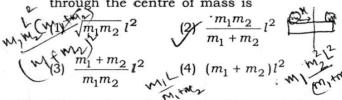
The part of nephron involved in active reabsorption of sodium is (1) descending limb of Henle's loop (2) distal convoluted tubule (3) proximal convoluted tubule (4) Bowman's capsule v	130. Several hormones like hCG, hPL, estroger progesterone are produced by (1) pituitary (2) ovary placenta
125. Which of the following is hormone-releasing IUD? (1) Cu7 (2) LNG-20 (3) Multiload 375	(4) fallopian tube 131. If a colour-blind man marries a woman whis homozygous for normal colour vision, the probability of their son being colour-blind is (1) 1
(4) Lippes loop 126. Which of the following is incorrect regarding vasectomy? (1) Irreversible sterility. (2) No sperm occurs in seminal fluid. No sperm occurs in epididymis k.	(3) 0.5 (4) 0.75 XXC XYS 132. Genetic drift operates in (1) slow reproductive population
 (4) Vasa deferentia is cut and tied 127. Embryo with more than 16 blastomeres formed due to in vitro fertilization is transferred into (1) cervix 	(3) large isolated population (4) non-reproductive population 133. In Hardy-Weinberg equation, the frequence
(3) fallopian tube (4) fimbriae 128. Which of the following depicts the correct pathway of transport of sperms?	of heterozygous individual is represented by (1) q^2 (2) p^2 (3) $2pq$ (4) pq
 (1) Efferent ductules → Rete testis → Vas deferens → Epididymis (2) Rete testis → Efferent ductules → Epididymis → Vas deferens (3) Rete testis → Epididymis → Efferent 	Ramapithecus → Homo erectus
 ductules → Vas deferens (4) Rete testis → Vas deferens → Efferent ductules → Epididymis 129. Match Column—I with Column—II and 	Homo habilis → Homo erectus (3) Ramapithecus → Australopithecus Homo habilis → Homo erectus
select the correct option using the codes given below: Column—I Column—II a. Mons pubis (i) Embryo formation	 (4) Ramapithecus → Homo habilis Australopithecus → Homo erectus 135. Which of the following is the corresequence of events in the origin of life?
b. Antrum c. Trophectoderm d. Nebenkern (ii) Sperm (iii) Female external genitalia (iv) Graafian follicle	I. Formation of protobionts II. Synthesis of organic monomers ✓ III. Synthesis of organic polymers ✓
Codes: a b c d (1) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii) (2) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i) (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (4) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)	IV. Formation of DNA-based genetic system (1) II, III, IV, I (2) I, II, III, IV (3) I, III, II, IV (4) II, III, I, IV



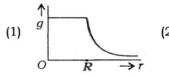


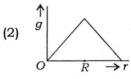
- 153. A solid sphere of mass m and radius R is 157. A rectangular film of liquid is extended rotating about its diameter. A solid cylinder of the same mass and same radius is also rotating about its geometrical axis with an angular speed twice that of the sphere. The ratio of their kinetic energies of rotation (E_{sphere} / E_{cylinder}) will be

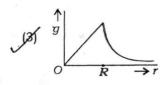
 - (2) 2:3
 - 137 1:5
- **154.** A light rod of length l has two masses m_1 and m2 attached to its two ends. The moment of inertia of the system about an axis perpendicular to the rod and passing through the centre of mass is

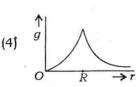


155. Starting from the centre of the earth having radius R, the variation of g (acceleration due to gravity) is shown by









- 156. A satellite of mass m is orbiting the earth (of radius R) at a height h from its surface. The total energy of the satellite in terms of g_0 , the value of acceleration due to gravity at the earth's surface, is

- $\sqrt{(3)} \frac{mg_0 R^2}{2(R+h)} \qquad \qquad \boxed{10} = R \left[5\boxed{1} 2\boxed{1} \right]$

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$$\frac{2T-1}{10} = \frac{1}{15} \left[\frac{2}{2} \right] = \frac{1}{15} \left[\frac{2}{2} \right]$$

- from $(4 \text{ cm} \times 2 \text{ cm})$ to $(5 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm})$. If the work done is 3×10^{-4} J, the value of the surface tension of the liquid is
 - (1) 8.0 N m^{-1} (2) 0.250 N m^{-1} (3) 0.125 N m^{-1} (4) 0.2 N m^{-1} (2) 0.250 N m^{-1}
- 158. Three liquids of densities ρ_1 , ρ_2 and ρ_3 (with $\rho_1 > \rho_2 > \rho_3$), having the same value of surface tension T, rise to the same height in three identical capillaries. The angles of contact θ_1 , θ_2 and θ_3 obey
 - (1) $\pi > \theta_1 > \theta_2 > \theta_3 > \frac{\pi}{2}$
 - (2) $\frac{\pi}{2} > \theta_1 > \theta_2 > \theta_3 \ge 0$
- $\sqrt{3}, 0 \le \theta_1 < \theta_2 < \theta_3 < \frac{\pi}{2}$ $\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta_1 < \theta_2 < \theta_3 < \pi$

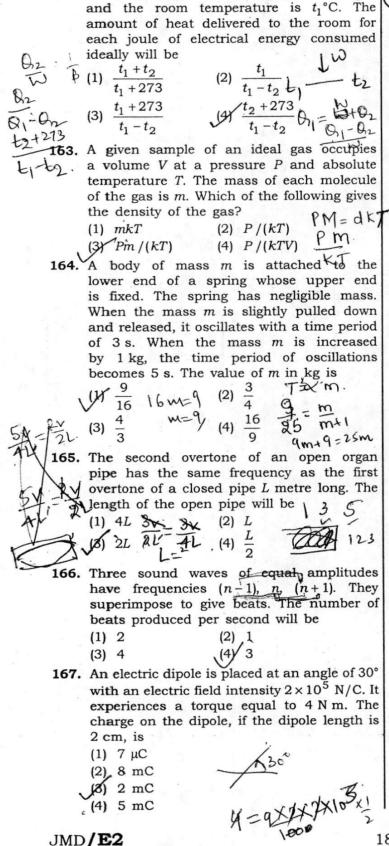


- 159. Two identical bodies are made of a material for which the heat capacity increases with temperature. One of these is at 100 °C, while the other one is at 0 °C. If the two bodies are brought into contact, then, assuming no

 - more than 50 °C
 - heat loss, the final common temperature is (1) 0 °C (2) 50 °C (2) more than 50 °C
 - (4) less than 50 °C but greater than 0 °C
- **160.** A body cools from a temperature 3T to 2Tin 10 minutes. The room temperature is T. Assume that Newton's law of cooling is applicable. The temperature of the body at the end of next 10 minutes will be
- 161. One mole of an ideal monatomic gas undergoes a process described by the equation PV^3 = constant. The heat capacity of the gas during this process is

$$C = C_{V} + \frac{R}{N-1}$$
 [P.T.O. $= \frac{3R}{8} - \frac{R}{2} - R$

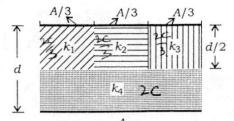
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162. The temperature inside a refrigerator is t_2 °C 168.

A parallel-plate capacitor of area A, plat separation d and capacitance C is filled wit four dielectric materials having dielectri constants k_1 , k_2 , k_3 and k_4 as shown in th figure below. If a single dielectric material i to be used to have the same capacitance Ci this capacitor, then its dielectric constant is given by



(1)
$$\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_2} + \frac{1}{k_3} + \frac{3}{2k_4}$$
 $C' = \frac{2}{3}(k_1 + k_2)$

(2)
$$k = k_1 + k_2 + k_3 + 3k_4$$

(3)
$$k = \frac{2}{3}(k_1 + k_2 + k_3) + 2k_4$$

$$(4) \frac{2}{k} = \frac{3}{k_1 + k_2 + k_3} + \frac{1}{k_4}$$

$$(5) \frac{2}{k} = \frac{3}{k_1 + k_2 + k_3} + \frac{1}{k_4}$$

$$(6) \frac{3}{k} = \frac{3}{k_1 + k_2 + k_3} + \frac{1}{k_4}$$

169. The potential difference $(V_A - V_B)$ betwee the points A and B in the given figure is

$$V_{A} \xrightarrow{2 \Omega} V_{I} = 2 A$$

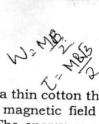
$$V_{A} \xrightarrow{i=2 A} V_{A} \xrightarrow{i=3 -2} V_$$

170. A filament bulb (500 W, 100 V) is to be use in a 230 V main supply. When a resistance is connected in series, it works perfectly an the bulb consumes 500 W. The value of R is

(1) 13
$$\Omega$$
 \sim 94 (2) 230 Ω \sim 20 Ω (3) 46 Ω \sim 44 26 Ω

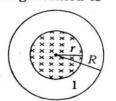
171. A long wire carrying a steady current is ber into a circular loop of one turn. The magnet field at the centre of the loop is B. It is the bent into a circular coil of n turns. Th magnetic field at the centre of this coil n turns will be

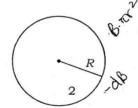
(1)
$$2n^2B$$
 (2) nB $6 = \mu c c$ $2nB$ (4) $2nB$ $2\pi c$



- 172. A bar magnet is hung by a thin cotton thread in a uniform horizontal magnetic field and is in equilibrium state. The energy required to rotate it by 60° is W. Now the torque required to keep the magnet in this new position is
 - 2W

- (4) $\frac{\sqrt{3}W}{2}$
- 173. An electron is moving in a circular path under the influence of a transverse magnetic field of 3.57×10^{-2} T. If the value of e/m is 1.76×10^{11} C/kg, the frequency of revolution of the electron is
 - (1) 6.28 MHz
- (2) 1 GHz
- (3) 100 MHz
- (4) 62·8 MHz
- 74. Which of the following combinations should be selected for better tuning of an L-C-R circuit used for communication?
 - (1) $R = 25 \Omega$, L = 1.5 H, $C = 45 \mu\text{F}$
 - (2) $R = 20 \Omega$, L = 1.5 H, $C = 35 \mu\text{F}$
 - (3) $R = 25 \Omega$, L = 2.5 H, $C = 45 \mu F$
 - (4) $R = 15 \Omega$, L = 3.5 H, $C = 30 \mu\text{F}$
- 175. A uniform magnetic field is restricted within a region of radius r. The magnetic field changes with time at a rate $\frac{dB}{dt}$. Loop 1 of radius R > r encloses the region r and loop 2 of radius R is outside the region of magnetic field as shown in the figure below. Then the e.m.f. generated is



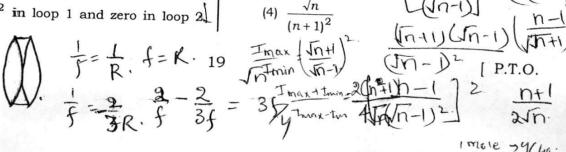


- $\sqrt{1}$ $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2$ in loop 1 and zero in loop 2
 - (2) zero in loop 1 and zero in loop 2
 - (3) $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2$ in loop 1 and $\sqrt{}$

 $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2 \text{ in loop } 2 \qquad \qquad \cancel{\sum} \frac{2\sqrt{n}}{n+1}$

(4) $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi R^2$ in loop 1 and zero in loop 2

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- 176. The potential differences resistance, capacitance and inductance are 80 V, 40 V and 100 V respectively in an L-C-R circuit. The power factor of this circuit is
 - (1) 1.0
- (3) 0.5
- A 100 Ω resistance and a capacitor of 100 Ω reactance are connected in series across

a 220 V source. When the capacitor is 50% charged, the peak value of the displacement current is (2) 2·2 A 1/2 date

- (1) $11\sqrt{2}$ A
- (3) 11 A
- (4) 4·4 A
- 178. Two identical glass ($\mu_g = 3/2$) equiconvex lenses of focal length f each are kept in contact. The space between the two lenses is filled with water ($\mu_w = 4/3$). The focal length of the combination is
 - (X) 3f/4

- 179. An air bubble in a glass slab with refractive index 1.5 (near normal incidence) is 5 cm deep when viewed from one surface and 3 cm deep when viewed from the opposite face. The thickness (in cm) of the slab is
 - (1) 16
- (3) 10
- **180.** The interference pattern is obtained with two coherent light sources of intensity ratio n. In the interference pattern, the ratio

$$\frac{I_{\max} - I_{\min}}{I_{\max} + I_{\min}}$$

- will be
- $\frac{I_{\text{max}} I_{\text{min}}}{I_{\text{max}} + I_{\text{min}}} = \frac{I_{\text{I}} M}{I_{\text{Z}}}$

- (1) $\frac{2\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)^2} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1$
- $(4) \frac{\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)^2}$

